

LEVIN, Semen Izrailevich; RASTOVA, G.V., ved. red.; STAROSTINA, L.D.,
tekhn. red.

[Prevention of breaks and the repair of underwater pipe-
lines] Preduprezhdenie avari i remont podvodnykh trubo-
provodov. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1963. 183 p.
(MIRA 16:11)
(Underwater pipelines--Maintenance and repair)

POBEDINSKIY, Leonid Vladimirovich; DONSKOY, A.G., red.; RASTOVA,
G.V., ved.red.; VORONOVA, V.V., tekhn.red.

[Setting up technical norms in the construction of main
pipelines] Tekhnicheskoe normirovanie na stroitel'stvo
magistral'nykh truboprovodov. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat,
1963. 110 p.
(Pipelines—Production standards)

ALEKSANDROV, A.M., inzh.; BAZHENOV, V.S., inzh.; BOBROVNIKOV, B.N.,
inzh.; VAGANOV, M.P., inzh.; GUREVICH, B.M., inzh.;
DZHIBELLI, V.S., inzh.; DROBAKH, V.T., inzh.; ISAKOVICH,
R.Ya., kand. tekhn. nauk; KAPUSTIN, A.G., inzh.; KONENKOV,
K.S., inzh.; MININ, A.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; PEVZNER, V.B.,
inzh.; PESKIN, G.L., inzh.; PORTER, L.G., inzh.; RYADILOV,
A.N., inzh.; SLUTSKIY, L.B., inzh.; FEDOSOV, I.V., inzh.;
FRENKEL', B.A., inzh.; TSIMBLER, Yu.A., inzh.; SHUL'GIN,
V.Kh., inzh.; ESKIN, M.G., kand. tekhn. nauk; VOROB'YEV,
D.T., inzh. [deceased]; SINEL'NIKOV, A.V., kand. tekhn.
nauk; SHENDLER, Yu.I., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; NESMELOV,
S.V., inzh., zam. glav. red.; NOVIKOVA, M.M., ved. red.;
~~RASTOVA, G.V.~~, ved. red.; SOIGANIK, G.Ya., ved. red.;
VORONOVA, V.V., tekhn. red.

[Automation and apparatus for controlling and regulating production processes in the petroleum and petroleum chemical industries]
Avtomatizatsiya, pribory kontrolya i regulirovaniya proizvodstvennykh protsessov v neftianoi i neftekhimicheskoi promyshlennosti.
Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat. Book 3. [Control and automation of the processes of well drilling, recovery, transportation, and storage of oil and gas] Kontrol' i avtomatizatsiya protsessov bureniiia skvazhin, dobychi, transporta i khranenia nefti i gaza. 1963.
(MIRA 16:7)

551 p.

(Automation)

(Petroleum production-Equipment and supplies)

ZAMANSKIY, Mikhail Abramovich; RASTOVA, G.V., ved. red.; VORONOVA,
V.V., tekhn. red.

[Fundamentals of electrical engineering in the petroleum
and gas industry] Osnovy elektroenergetiki v neftianoi i
gazovoi promyshlennosti. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1963.
(MIRA 17:2)
167 p.

CELLER, Zinoviy Isayevich; RASTOVA, G.V., ved. red.

[Mazut as fuel] Mazut kak toplivo. Moskva, Nedra, 1965.
494 p. (MIRA 18:8)

GENKINA, Liya Aleksandrovna, inzh.; BORONIKHIN, Anatoliy Sergeyevich,
inzh.; ROZIN, M.Ya., red.; RASTOVA, G.V., ved. red.; VORONOVA,
V.V., tekhn. red.

[Gas distributing stations and distribution regulator points of
gas pipelines] Gazoraspredelitel'nye stantsii i kontrol'no-
raspredelitel'nye punkty magistral'nykh gazoprovodov. Moskva,
Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1961.
147 p.

(MIRA 15:2)

(Gas, Natural--Pipelines) (Automatic control)

RADOVIC, P.

Supplying fisheries with materials for maintenance and repair. p. 202.
MORSKO RIBARSTVO. (Udruzenje morskog ribarstva Jugoslavije) Rijeka.
Vol. 7, No. 8, Aug. 1955.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (EEAL) Library of Congress,
Vol. 5, No. 8, Aug. 1956.

Kostrenenko, A. I.

The change in the macrostructure and in the catalytic activity of aluminum oxide on treatment with water vapor and on being compressed. I. E. Neimark, L. Kh. Freidlin, A. I. Rastrenenko, and N. V. Boromova. *Izv. Akad. Nauk SSSR, Otdel. Khim. Nauk* 1953, 784-9. — The change in the macrostructure of Al_2O_3 brought about by heating in an autoclave for 5 hrs. at 350° and 100 atm. of steam pressure and by compression at 20,000 atm. was studied. The effect of the water vapor was to decrease the catalytic activity and to decrease its specific surface. The micropores almost disappeared and the vol. of the intermediate pores increased. The compression increased the apparent d. of the Al_2O_3 and destroyed the intermediate pores, thereby decreasing the specific catalytic activity at elevated temps.

J. Rovtar Leach

Inst. Org. Chem. im. Zelinsky, AS USSR
and Inst. Physics Chem. im. L. V. Pisarevskiy, AS USSR

NBYMARK, I.Ye.; RASTRENNENKO, A.I.; PIONTKOVSKAYA, M.A.

Preparation of titanomeric gels and their porous structure [with
summary in English]. Koll. zhur. 19 no.3:324-332 My-Je '57.

(MLRA 10:8)

I. Institut fizicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk USSR im. L.V. Pisar-
ghevskogo, Kiyev.

(Colloids) (Titanium compounds)

RASHEVSKY, A. I.

RASHEVSKY, A. I. --- "The Production, Macrostructure, Sorption, and Catalytic Properties of Certain Porous Catalysts." Acad Sci Ukrainian SSR. Inst of Physical Chemistry imeni I. V. Pisarzhevskiy. Kiev, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Chemical Sciences)

SOURCE: Knizhnaya Literatura, No 6 1956

ЛЯХИЧ, В. Н.

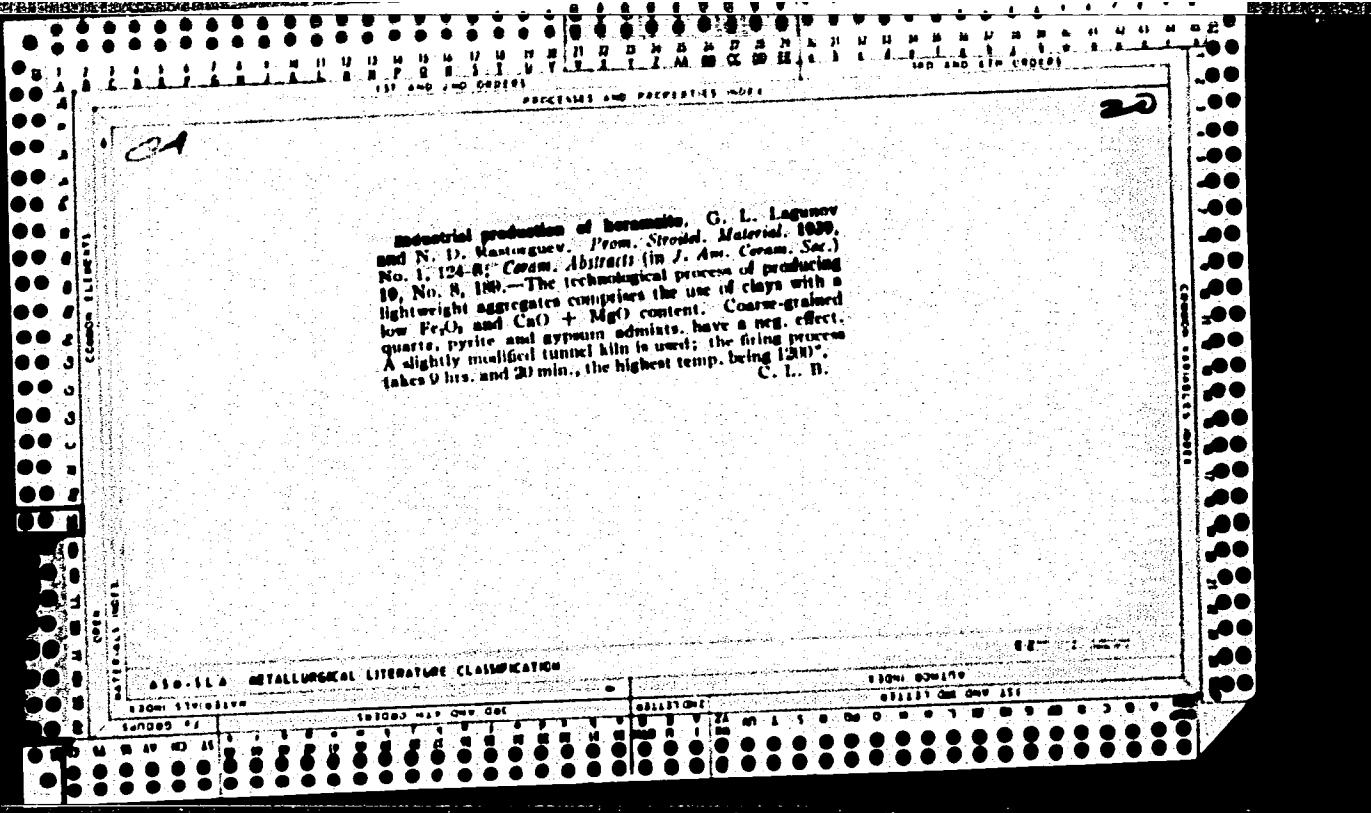
ЛЯХИЧ, В. Н., "Development and Theoretical and Experimental Investigation of Schemes for Regulating the Excitation of Synchronous Generators." Acad Sci USSR, Power Institute imeni Academician G. M. Krzhizhanovskiy, Moscow, 1955. (Dissertations For Degree of Candidate of Technical Sciences)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 26, June 1955, Moscow

RASULOV, M.Y.

Simple method for creating experimental hydronephrosis. Trudy AN
Tadzh.SSR 32:45-46 '56. (MIRA 9:8)

(KIDNEYS—TUMORS)
(MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS) (CYSTS)



L-24889-65 EWT(m)/EWA(d)/T/EWP(t)/EWP(b) IJP(c) JD/JG/WB/MLK

ACCESSION NR: AT5002787

8/0000/64/000/000/0221/0225

23

AUTHOR: Minkevich, A. N.; Tylkina, M. A. (Candidate of technical sciences); Rastorguyev, L. N.; Rodionova, G. P. B+1

TITLE: Thermochemical treatment of rhenium

SOURCE: Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po probleme reniya. 2d, Moscow, 1962. Renniy (Rhenium); trudy soveshchaniya. Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1964, 221-225

TOPIC TAGS: rhenium, rhenium diffusion coating, rhenium coating, rhenium chromizing, rhenium boronizing, rhenium aluminizing, rhenium siliconizing, diffusion coating property, rhenium oxidation

ABSTRACT: Certain properties and structures of diffusion layers formed by impregnation of rhenium with chromium, boron, aluminum, and silicon have been investigated. Aluminizing, chromizing, and siliconizing of rhenium were done by pack cementation at 1000, 1100, and 1200C in a mixture of 40 parts chamotte powder, 60 parts of the respective metal powder, and 3 parts ammonia chloride. Boronizing was done at 1000 and 1200C in a fused-salt bath consisting of 70% sodium tetraborate and 30% boron-carbide powder, or by pack cementation at 1400C in boron-carbide powder in a vacuum

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L 24889-65

ACCESSION NR: AT5002787

furnace. Diffusion layers with clearly visible boundary lines were formed in all media tested. Boronized case was 0.06–0.14 mm thick and consisted of two layers, Re₂B₃ compound inside and ReB₃ compound outside. The highest hardness, H_V = 1200 kg/mm², was obtained by pack cementation at 1400C. Siliconized case contained ReSi₂ and ReSi silicides. Its hardness was 927 = 1400 kg/mm². Chromizing yielded an α-phase case of rhenium solid solution in chromium. A diffusion layer containing Al₂Re₃ and Al₂Re compounds was formed by aluminizing. Oxidation-resistance tests carried out at 800C for 10 hr showed that chromized rhenium has the highest resistance (see Fig. 1 of the Enclosure). Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 2 tables.

[ND]

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 05Aug64

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: IC, MM

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 001

ATD PRESS: 3181

Card 2/3

BUL'DSHAKOV, K.A.; BUL'DSHAKOV, N.A.; BARTOGAJOV, L.N.; TIKHON, M.S.

System №₂ S₂ - №₃ S₂. Znur. norg. khim. 3 №. 12(2705-2709) D '63.
(MIRA 1749)

RASTORGUYEV, Nikolay Profir'yevich; RYABIN'KIY, B.Ya., red.; AVRUTSKAYA, R.F.,
red.izd-va; VAYNSHTEYN, Ye.B., tekhn.red.

[Accounting and computation in iron and steel industry] Bukhgalter-
skiy uchet i kalkuliatsiya v chernoi metallurgii. Izd. 2.,
izmenennoe i dop. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po chernoi
& tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1958. 386 p. (MIRA 11:7)

(Iron industry--Accounting)

(Steel industry--Accounting)

RASTORGUEV, N. P.

RASTORGUEV, N. P. N. P. Bukhgalterskiy uchet, 1949. (Card 2,
30-20749)

RASTORGUEV, N. P.

RASTORGUEV, N. P. Calculation in ferrous metallurgy. Moskva, Gos.
nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry, po chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1945.
(Mic 53-332)

Microfilm T-9

RASLQRGUYEV, Nikolay Profir'yevich; RYABIN'KIY, B.Ya., red.; AVRUTSKAYA, R.P.,
red.izd-va; VAYNSHTEYN, Ye.B., tekhn.red.

[Accounting and computation in iron and steel industry] Bukhgalter-
skiy uchet i kalkuliatsiya v chernoi metallurgii. Izd. 2..
izmenennoe i dop. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po chernoi
& tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1958. 386 p.
(Iron industry--Accounting)
(Steel industry--Accounting) (MIRA 11:?)

RASTORGUEV, N. P.

RASTORGUEV, N. P. N. P. Bukhgalterskii uchet... 1949. (Card 2,
50-20749)

RASTORGUEV, N. P.

RASTORGUEV, N. P. Calculation in ferrous metallurgy. Moskva, Gos.
nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry, po chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1945.
(Mic 53-332)

Microfilm T-9

RASTORGUEV, S. I.

Nal'ichivatel'sya v Chernoy metallurgii. (Calculations in ferrous metallurgy.)

Moskva, Metallurgizdat, 1945.

254 pp.

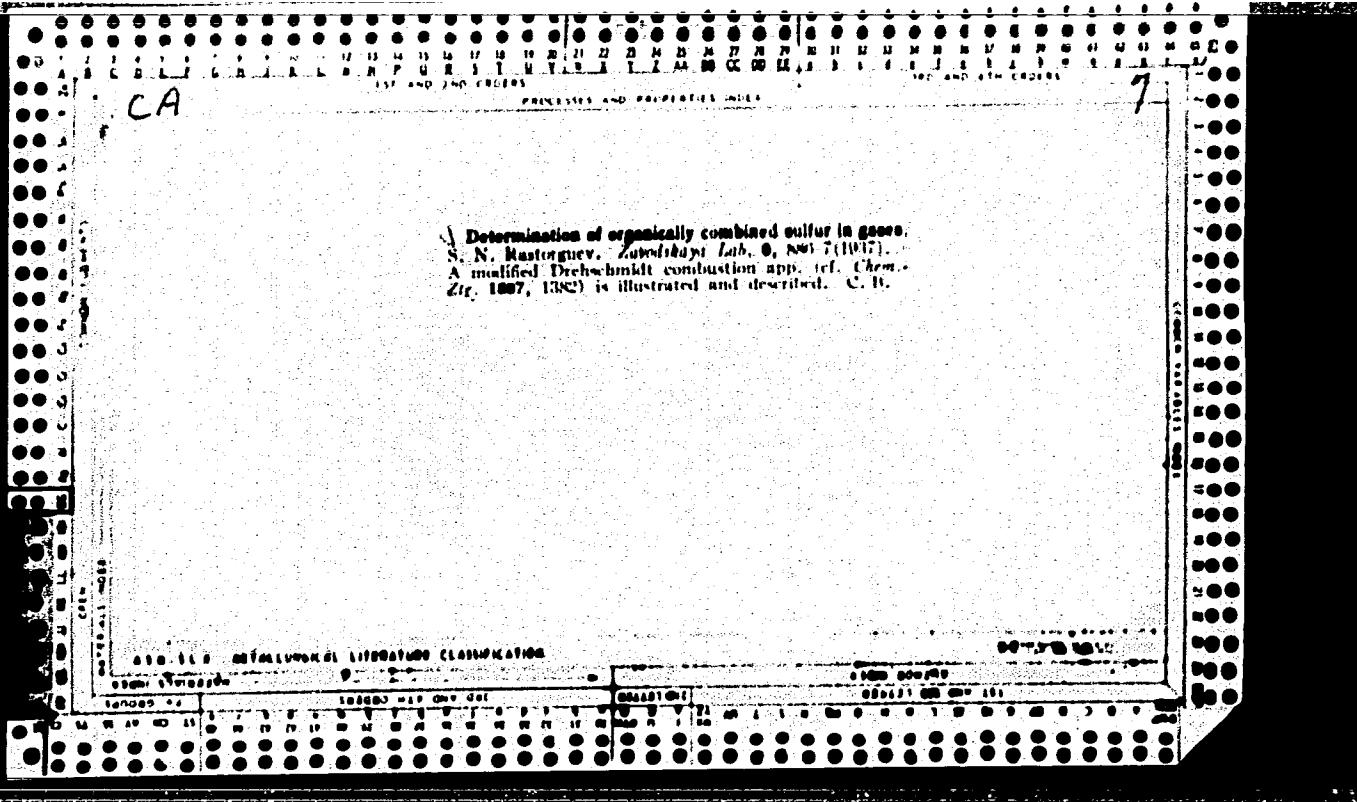
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001444

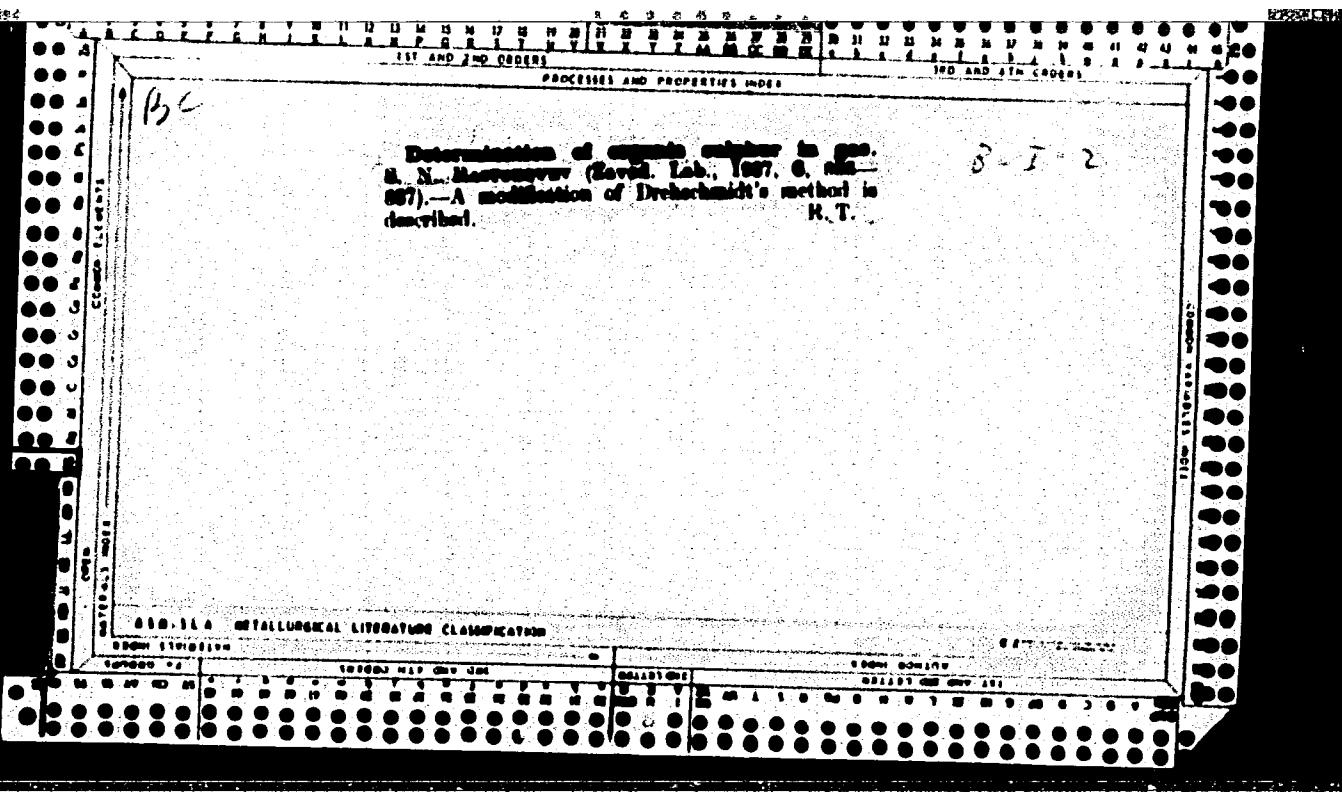
M. STORZER, W. T.
"Calculations in Ferrous Metallurgy," like, Moscow, 1935.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Tuesday, August 01, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0014443

RASTORGUYEV, P.V.; RAZUMOVA, Ye.P.; PLYATER, V.N.

Results of controlling malaria and helminthiasis in water transportation in
1952. Med.paraz.i paraz.bol. no.4:309-313 J1-Ag '53. (MLRA 6:9)
(Malarial fever) (Worms, Intestinal and parasitic)





RASTORGUYEV, V.I.

A cutting tool with wedge-type fastening. Stan.1 instr.26 no.11:
(MLRA 9:2)
37 N '55. (Cutting tools)

RASTORGUYEV, YU. L. AID P - 2382

Subject : USSR/Engineering

Card 1/1 Pub. 28 - 3/7

Authors : Geller, Z. I. and Rastorguyev, Yu. L.

Title : Analysis of thermal operating conditions of an oil spray-burner in action

Periodical : Energ. byul. 7, 18-25, J1 1955

Abstract : The authors analyse the data obtained on TsKKB-type oil spray-burners in action, in the SPK-5 type steam boiler, in order to find causes of coking and failures. Several diagrams, graphs and a table are attached.

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

GELLER, Z.I., RASTORGUYEV, Yu.L.

Investigation of temperature in a mechanical nozzle for
atomizing fuel oil. Energ.biul. no.7 J1 '55. (MLRA 8:6)
(Nozzles) (Boilers)

GELLER, Z.I.; RASTORGUYEV, Yu.L.

Burning viscous fuel oil. Elek.bul. no.6:10-14 Je '55.
(Furnaces) (Petroleum as fuel) (MIRA 8:6)

RASTORGUYEV, Yu. L.

AID P - 2370

Subject : USSR/Engineering

Card 1/1 Pub. 28 - 4/13

Authors : Geller, Z. I. and Rastorguyev, Yu. L.

Title : Use of viscous petroleum-residue as fuel

Periodical : Energ. Byul., 6, 10-14 Je 1955

Abstract : The residue after first distillation of petroleum (mazut) until recently was freely used for fuel purposes. It was then found valuable for further distillation, and accordingly its wide use as a fuel has been restricted. The mazut which is now used as boiler fuel is a compound of petroleum residues with certain distillates. The fact that the compound must meet the requirements of GOST 1501-42 is criticized. The authors also describe results of their observation of the use of a new fuel compound, and give two drawings and 2 graphs in illustration of their findings.

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

GELLER, Z.I., RASTORGUYEV, Yu.L.

Investigation of temperature in a mechanical nozzle for
atomizing fuel oil. Energ.biul. no.7 Jl '55. (MIRA 8:6)
(Nozzles) (Boilers)

GELLER, Z. I.; RASTORGUYEV, Yu. L.

Burning viscous fuel oil. Elek.bul. no.6:10-14 Je '55.
(Furnaces) (Petroleum as fuel) (MLRA 8:6)

AID P - 2370

Subject : USSR/Engineering

Card 1/1 Pub. 28 - 4/13

Authors : Geller, Z. I. and Rastorguyev, Yu. L.

Title : Use of viscous petroleum-residue as fuel

Periodical : Energ. Byul., 6, 10-14 Je 1955

Abstract : The residue after first distillation of petroleum (mazut) until recently was freely used for fuel purposes. It was then found valuable for further distillation, and accordingly its wide use as a fuel has been restricted. The mazut which is now used as boiler fuel is a compound of petroleum residues with certain distillates. The fact that the compound must meet the requirements of GOST 1501-42 is criticized. The authors also describe results of their observation of the use of a new fuel compound, and give two drawings and 2 graphs in illustration of their findings.

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

RASTORGUYEVA, A.V.

Separating properties of electric fields in a system of annular electrodes. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; fiz. no.4:178-182 '60.

(MIRA 13:9)

1. Moskovskiy pedinstitut im. V.P. Potemkina.
(Electric fields) (Electrodes)

S/139/60/000/004/022/033
E032/E51¹

AUTHOR:

Rastorguyeva, A.V.

TITLE:

Separating Properties of the Electric Field Due to a System of Ring Electrodes 1

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Fizika,
1960, No.4, pp.178-182

TEXT: Dielectric separation is defined as the separation of nonuniform solid bodies owing to differences in ponderomotive forces due to an electric field acting on the bodies. These forces depend on the field gradient and the dipole moments induced in the particles. The present authors have developed an instrument for the dielectric separation of materials. Basically the instrument consists of a system of thin ring electrodes. The instrument is shown schematically in Fig.2. A and B are two perspex plates carrying four systems of concentric ring electrodes. The potential of these electrodes could be varied between 0 and 10 kV. It was found that chalcopyrite, limonite and hematite could be separated from quartz and fluorite (all in powder form) with the aid of the above instrument. The instrument can also be used to separate

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S/139/60/000/004/022/033
E032/E514

Separating Properties of the Electric Field Due to a System of
Ring Electrodes

dielectrics having not very different dielectric constants, for example, calcite ($\epsilon = 8$) and fluorite ($\epsilon = 6.8$). A detailed calculation is given of the electric field due to the configuration of ring electrodes used in the instrument. There are 2 figures, 1 table and 9 references: 8 Soviet and 1 English.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy pedinstitut imeni V. P. Potemkina
(Moscow Institute of Education imeni V.P.Potemkin)

SUBMITTED: July 23, 1959

Card 2/2

RASTORGUEVA, L. I.

C ✓ Hydrolysis of alginic acid and derivatives of d-mannuronic acid. S. N. Danilov and L. I. Rastorgueva (Inst. High Molecular Compds., Acad. Sci. U.S.S.R., Moscow), Zhur. Obshchel Khim. 25, 1690-1001(1955); cl. R., Thesis, Leningrad, 1954.—In the prepn. of alginic acid it is desirable to treat the macerated Na alginate with aq. HCl (0.5%) for sepn. from ash elements; after this treatment the product is extd. with MeOH. For hydrolysis of alginic acid it is best to use refluxing 90% HCO_2H in several stages, which yield completely pure d-mannuro-lactone, (I). The latter is difficult to isolate from hydrolysates using alc. HCl. Ba mannuronate, $(\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_4)_2\text{Ba}$, decomp. about 180°, $[\alpha]_D^{25} 3.51^\circ$, with PhHNH₂ forms phenylhydrazone, decomp. above 200°. Pure I, m. 143-4°, $[\alpha]_D^{25} 92.84^\circ$. I treated with MeOH soln. of NH₃ gave I-aminomannuronamide, decomp. 145°, $[\alpha]_D^{25} -40.88^\circ$ (after 10 min.) and shows mutarotation in aq. soln. I in alc. PhHNH₂ yields the phenylhydrazone of d-mannuronic acid phenylhydrazone, decomp. 186°, $[\alpha]_D^{25} 14.68^\circ$ (pyridine). I with Ac₂O-ZnCl₂ gave triacetyl-I, m. 119-20°, $[\alpha]_D^{25} 139.84^\circ$ (dry CHCl₃). I with alc. EtSH gave I-dibenzylmercaptal, a syrup, which forms a triacetate, m. 103-4°, $[\alpha]_D^{25} 36.72^\circ$ (MeOH). I in concd. HCl treated with PhCH₂SH gave 80% I-dibenzylmercaptal, m. 44-5°, $[\alpha]_D^{25} 125^\circ$ (MeOH). The soln. of I in N HCl in MeOH treated with excess PhCH₂SH and kept 1.5 hrs. yields, apparently, the Me ester of mannuronic acid benzylmercaptal, a syrup; this with Ac₂O gave Me 4,3,4,5-tetraacetyl-dibenzylmercaptal-d-mannuronate, m. 95-6° (crude); m. 96-7° (from MeOH), $[\alpha]_D^{25} 164.94^\circ$ (in CHCl₃). I-dibenzylmercaptal treated with Ac₂O in pyridine gave 57% product, $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{32}\text{O}_4\text{S}_2$, m. 147-9°, $[\alpha]_D^{25} 99.93^\circ$, whose acetate does not form a phenylhydrazone nor does it form Me esters on heating in MeOH.

G. M. Kosolapoff

DANILOV, S.N.; RASTORGUYEVA, L.I.

Hydrolysis of alginic acid and α -mannuronic acid derivatives.
Zhur. ob. khim. 25 no.8:1590-1601 Ag '55. (MLRA 9:2)

1. Institut vysokomolekulyarnykh soyedineniy Akademii nauk SSSR.
(Alginic acid) (Mannuronic acid)

PEREPECHENKO, P.; SOKOLOV, G.; AVDOSHENKO, A., red.; PEREPECHENKO, P.,
red.; POLETAYEV, A., red.; RASTORGUYEVA, N., red.; SOKOLOV, G.,
red.; KHAYKIN, I., red.; KHOKHOLKOV, N., red.; SHVETSOVA,
R.V., red.; SOKOLOVA, S.I., tekhn. red.

[Excursions through native territory; routes and discussion materials] Ekskursii po rodnomu kraiu; marshrutu i materialy dlia besed. Vologda, Vologodskoe knizhnoe izd-vo,
1963. 255 p. (MIRA 17:1)

I. Vologda. Gosudarstvenny pedagogicheskiy institut.

RASTORGUYEVA-ARKHANGEL'SKAYA, M.S.

Effectiveness of clinical treatment with Sokolovaya mineral water
in chronic cholecystitis and hepatocholecystitis. Vop.kur.fizioter.
i lech.fiz.kul't. 23 no.2:104-109 Mr-Ap '58. (MIRA 11:6)

1. Iz kafedry propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney (zav. - prof. I.I.
TSvetkov [deceased]) Saratovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(SARATOV--MINERAL WATERS, SULFUROUS)
(GALL BLADDER--DISEASES)

RASTOROPOVA, S.F.; MENIKER, V.D.

Rubber and fillers in the tire industry of the U.S.A. (from "Kaučuk
a plastické hmoty," no.5, 1960). Kauch.i rez. 20 no.3:55-56 Mr '61.
(MIRA 14:3)

(United States--Rubber industry)

NAZAROV, TS.A.; LUSTOV, T.P.; RASTOSKUYEV, B.A.

Winter operation of a series of hydroelectric power stations on
a mountain river. Izv.AN Kazakh.SSR.Ser.energ.no.6:114-116 '54.
(Hydroelectric power stations) (MLRA 9:4)

STOTSKIY, Lev Rudol'fovich; RASTOVA, G.V., ved. red.; SVyatitskaya, K.P.,
ved. red.; FEDOTOVA, I.G., tekhn.red.

[Fireman for boilers using liquid or gas fuel] Kochegar kotel'nykh
na zhidkom i gazoobraznom toplive. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo
neft.i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1960. 325 p. (MIRA 14:12)
(Boilers--Firing)

RASTOVA, G.V., ved. red.; BASHMAKOV, G.M., tekhn. red.

[Manual of basic instructions on the use of liquefied hydro-carbon gases; planning and construction of gas-distributing systems, transportation, storage, and uses] Sbornik rukovo-diashchikh ukazanii po ispol'zovaniyu szhizhennykh uglevodorodnykh gazov; proektirovaniye i stroitel'stvo gazoraspredelitel'-nykh ustroistv, perevozka, khranenie i ispol'zovanie. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1962. 228 p. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Glavnoye upravleniye gazovoy promyshlennosti.

(Liquefied petroleum gas)

KHARAS, Zakhariy Borisovich; PEREVERZEV, V.V., red.; RASTOVA, G.V.,
vedushchiy red.; VORONOV, V.V., tekhn. red.

[Rigging operations in installing equipment at petroleum
refineries] Takelazhnye raboty pri montazhe oborudovaniia
neftopererabatyvaiushchikh zavodov. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-
tekhn.izd-vo neft.i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1961. 258 p.

(MIRA 15:1)

(Petroleum refineries--Equipment and supplies)

SHREYBER, Gennadiy Konstantinovich, dots., kand.tekhn.nauk;
SHIBRYAYEV, Boris Filippovich, dots. kand. tekhn. nauk;
POLFEROV, Aleksandr Pavlovich, dots.; PERLIN, Samuil
Mendeleyevich, inzh.; RASTOVA, G.V., ved. red.; VORONOVA,
V.V., tekhn. red.

[Building materials in the petroleum, petrochemical, and gas
industries] Konstruktsionnye materialy v neftianoi, nefte-
khimicheskoi i gazovoi promyshlennosti; spravochnoe rukovod-
stvo. [By] G.K. Shreibер i dr. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1962.
381 p. (MIRA 16:3)

(Building materials) (Chemicals industry)
(Petroleum industry)

FETROV, Igor' Petrovich; SHIBALOV, Viktor Vasil'yevich; PEREVERZEV, V.V., red.; RASLOVA, G.V., ved. red.

[Overground laying of pipelines] Nadzemnaya proklyadka truboprovodov. Moscow, Nedra, 1965. 446 p. (NIIA 18:3)

ZHILINSKIY, Petr Pavlovich; RASTOVA, G.V., vedushchiy red.; FEDOTOVA, I.G.,
tekhn. red.

[Pipe-laying machinery; operation and repair] Truboukladchiki; eksplu-
tatsiya i remont. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neft. i gorno-
toplivnoi lit-ry, 1961. 129 p. (MIRA 14:7)
(Pipelines--Equipment and supplies)

IVANTSOV, Oleg Maksimovich; SHAKHMAYEVA, Ye.A., vedushchiy red.; RASTOVA, G.V., vedushchiy red.; MUKHINA, E.A., tekhn.red.

[Industrialization of pipeline construction] Industrializatsiya stroitel'stva magistral'nykh truboprovodov. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1960. 116 p.

(MIRA 13:5)

(Pipelines)

DAVIDOVICH, Petr Yakovlevich; ZINOVKINA, Miloslava Mikhaylovna; KRIKUN,
Viktor Yakovlevich; LUCHSHEV, Anatoliy Mikhaylovich; PEREVERZEV,
V.V., red.; RASTOVA, G.G., vedushchiy red.; MUKHINA, E.A., tekhn.
red.

[Rotary trench excavators for laying pipes; manual for excavator
operators] Transheinye rotatory ekskavatory dlia truboprovodnogo
stroitel'stva; v pomoshch' mashinistu ekskavatora. Moskva, Gos.
nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1961.
223 p. (MIRA 14:10)

(Excavating machinery)

KHRAPACH, Grigoriy Kuz'mich; MALYUKOV, G.A., red.; RASTOVA, G.V.,
ved. red.

[Installation and repair of compressors] Montazh i remont
kompressorov. Moskva, Izd-vo "Nedra," 1964. 479 p.
(MIRA 17:5)

KHOL'TSBEKHER, Kristian [Holzbecher, Kristian], inzh.; FORER,
I.B., red.; RASTOVA, G.V., ved. red.; VORONOVA, V.V.,
tekhn. red.

[Economical methods for burning gas in industry] Ekono-
michrye metody szhiganiia gaza v promyshlennosti. Mo-
skva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1964. 110 p. Translated from the
Czech. (MIRA 17:4)

FAL'KEVICH, Aleksandr Semenovich; RASTOVA, G.V., ved. red.; POLOSINA, A.S., tekhn. red.

[Welding pipelines and plant (industrial) piping] Svarka mn-gistral'nykh i zavodskikh (tekhnologicheskikh) truboprovodov. 2. izd. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1962. 422 p. (MIRA 15:10) (Pipe—Welding)

SOKOLOVSKIY, Solomon Moiseyevich; RASTOVA, G.V., vedushchiy red.;
FEDOTOVA, I.G., tekhn.red.

[Angle compressors] Uglovye kompressory. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-
tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1960. 89 p.
(MIRA 13:6)
(Air compressors)

SIDORENKO, M.V., red.; VOLONIKHIN, Yu.V., red.; GORECHENKOV, G.I., red.;
IVANTSOV, O.M., red.; MAL'KOV, I.A., red.; TESNER, P.A., red.;
YANISHERLOVA, O.M., vedushchiy red.; RASTOVA, G.V., vedushchiy
red.; SOLGANIK, G.Ya., vedushchiy red.; MUKHINA, E.A., tekhn.red.

[Techniques of the gas industry abroad; papers and reports
presented at the 7th International Gas Congress] Tekhnika zaru-
beznoi gazovoi promyshlennosti; doklady i referaty. Moskva,
Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1960.
367 p. (MIRA 13:11)

1. International Gas Congress. 7th, Roma.
(Gas industry)

GUSMAN, Moisey Timofeyevich; KOL'CHENKO, Aleksandr Vasil'yevich; SILIN,
Askol'd Aleksandrovich; HASTOVA, G.V., vedushchiy red.; FEDOTOVA, I.G., tekhn.red.

[Rubber-metal turbodrill bearings] Rezino-metallicheskie podshipniki turboburov. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1959. 105 p. (MIRA 13:3)
(Bearings (Machinery)) (Turbodrills)

YABLINSKIY, Vsevolod Sergeyevich; YUFIN, Vsevolod Aleksandrovich;
BUDAROV, Ivan Prokof'yevich; RASTOVA, G.V., vedushchiy red.;
MUKHINA, E.A., tekhn.red.

[Consecutive pipelining of petroleum products and petroleum]
Posledovatel'naia perekachka nefteproduktov i neftei po magi-
stral'nym truboprovodam. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo
neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1959. 148 p. (MIRA 13:2)
(Pipelines)

AL'TSHUL', Adol'd Davydovich; RABINOVICH, Ye.Z., kand. tekhn. nauk,
red.; RASTOVA, G.V., ved. red.; BASHNAKOV, G.M., tekhn. red.

[Local hydraulic resistances in the flow of viscous fluids]
Mestnye gidravlichеские сопротивления при движении вязких
жидкостей. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1962. 114 p.

(MIRA 15:6)

(Fluid mechanics)

TOROCHKOV, Iven Mikhaylovich; SINEL'NIKOV, Aleksandr Vasil'yevich;
MATSKIM, Leonid Arkad'yevich; SLUTSKIY, Lev Borisovich;
GIL'BERT, Stepan Fomich; ALEKSANDROV, Adol'f Moritsovich;
RASTOVA, G.V., vedushchiy red.; FEDOTOVA, I.O., tekhn.red.

[Automatic filling of petroleum products tank trucks] Avto-
mlicheskii naлив нефтепродуктов в автомобильные цистерны.
Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry,
1960. 83 p. (MIRA 14:3)

(Tank trucks)

BORODIN, Ivan Vasil'yevich; RASTOVA, G.V., vedushchiy red.; MUKHINA,
E.A., tekhn.red.

[Construction and assembly work in gas supply and distribution]
Stroitel'no-montazhnye raboty po gazosnabzheniu. Moskva, Gos.
gazchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft, i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1960. 304 p.
(MIRA 14:3)

(Gas distribution)

RASTOVAC, Milutin
SURNAME (in caps); Given Name(s)

(1)

Country: Yugoslavia

Academic Degrees: /not given/

Affiliation: Belgrade

Source: Belgrade, Narodno zdravlje, No 7-8, 1961, pp 245-248.

Data: "Composition and Election of Members in Councils of Public Health
of the Municipal People's Committees."

1. "Methodology of Planning Preventive Health Services for the Population With Special Attention to the Problems of Planning at the Commune Level." Trabajos de Enfermedades (Sarajevo), pp. 351-366.
2. "Methodology of studying Food Consumption in Yugoslavia during Medical Studies of Adequacy of Nutritional Status of the Population," docent Dr. B. J. ŠIMIĆ (Medical Institute for Health Protection, Belgrade), pp. 366-372.
3. "Professional Training of Assistant Doctors in the Medical Institutions," Mihailin ZAGORČEC (Belgrade), pp. 372-374.

2. Internal used as reference material

4

Determination of unchanged hydrocarbons in commercial
nitrobenzenes and its derivatives. In Rastovitzova
Zvezdochka Lab. 5, 9011000). Introduce into a 200-cc
Wurz flask 100 cc. of PhNO_2 , 5 g. P_2O_5 and a few sealed
capillary tubes, boil gently for 30 min., and collect the
distd. hydrocarbon in a graduated cylinder. C. B.

RASTRENIKO, A.I.; PLACHINDA, A.S.; NEYMARK, I.Ye.; Prinimai uchasiye:
ANTOLOVSKAYA, S.N.; IL'IN, V.G.

Adsorption of hydrocarbons on ion-exchange derivatives of A type
zeolite. Ukr.khim.zhar. 30 no.111143-1145 '64.

(MIRA 18:2)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L.V.Pisarzhevskogo AN UkrSSR.

RASTRENU, A. I.

Sorptive capacities of cation substituted bentonites. Bent.
gliny Ukr. no.3:35-44 '59. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN USSR.
(Bentonite)

RASTRENNENKO, A.I.; BYKOV, S.F.

Studying hydrophilic and sorptive properties of Cherkassy bentonites.
Bent. gliny Ukr. no.2:94-101 '58. (MIRA 12:12)

I.Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN USSR.
(Cherkassy Province--Bentonite)

L 20756-02 EPF(c)/EWP(j)/EWT(m)/T Po-4/Pr-4/Pb-4 RM
ACCESSION NR: AP5000474 S/0073/64/030/011/1143/1145

AUTHOR: Rastrenenko, A. I.; Plachinda, A. S.; Neymark, I. Ye. B

TITLE: The adsorption of hydrocarbons on ion exchange derivatives of type A zeolite 1

SOURCE: Ukrainskiy khimicheskiy zhurnal, v. 30, no. 11, 1964, 1143-1145

TOPIC TAGS: type A zeolite, hydrocarbon adsorption, molecular sieve, propane separation, paraffinic hydrocarbon

ABSTRACT: The adsorption isotherms of saturated normal hydrocarbons on type A zeolites containing Na and Ca, Na and Co and Na and Ni cations in different ratios was studied. When the $[Ca^{++}]/([Ca^{++}] + [Na^+])$ ratio was ≈ 0.3 , a sharp increase was noted in the adsorption of propane on the CaNaA zeolite at all pressures over 0.5 mm. The $p = 0.5$ mm isobar did not show this increase. The behavior in NaMgA zeolites was similar. Substitution of about 30% of the Na by the divalent Ni and Co also caused a rapid change in the molecular sieve properties of type A zeolite. As the hydrocarbon chain length increased from

Card 1/2

L 20756-65
ACCESSION NR: AP5000474

3

C₃-C₁₀ the adsorption of the n-paraffins decreased from ~2.2 to 1.1 mmol/gm. Propane (~5Å) was readily adsorbed, while the C₅ and longer hydrocarbon chains require distortion for diffusion into the zeolite, and greater exchange of Na for Ca, hence propane can be readily separated from a hydrocarbon mixture using a zeolite with the proper amount of substitution of Na by Ca. "S. N. Antonovska-ya and V. G. Il'in participated in the experimental part of the work, for which the authors express thanks." Orig. art. has: 3 figures

ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L. V. Pisarzhevskogo AN UkrSSR
(Institute of Physical Chemistry AN UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: 20Sep63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: IC, GC

NO REF SOV: 001

OTHER: 002

Card 2/2

BUIN, V.G., GUTENBERG, S.N., RUDENKOV, A.P., NEYMARK, I.Ye.

Some features of the crystallization and properties of high-silicon faujasites. Dokl. AN SSSR 166 no.3 (60-606 Ju 166) (KhRAN 19:1)

I. Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L.V. Pisarzhevskogo AN UkrSSR.
Submitted May 25, 1965.

RASSTRENGHAG, A.E.

128

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

30V/6246

Soveshchaniye po tseolitam. 1st, Leningrad, 1961.

Sinteticheskiye tseolity; polucheniye, issledovaniye i primeneniye
(Synthetic Zeolites: Production, Investigation, and Use). Mos-
cow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1962. 286 p. (Series: Its: Doklady)
Errata slip inserted. 2500 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh
nauk. Komisiya po tseolitam.

Resp. Eds.: M. M. Dubinin, Academician and V. V. Serpinskiy, Doctor
of Chemical Sciences; Ed.: Ye. G. Zhukovskaya; Tech. Ed.: S. P.
Golub'.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for scientists and engineers engaged
in the production of synthetic zeolites (molecular sieves), and
for chemists in general.

Card 1/20

128

Synthetic Zeolites: (Cont.)

SOV/6246

COVERAGE: The book is a collection of reports presented at the First Conference on Zeolites, held in Leningrad 16 through 19 March 1961 at the Leningrad Technological Institute imeni Lensoveta, and is purportedly the first monograph on this subject. The reports are grouped into 3 subject areas: 1) theoretical problems of adsorption, 2) the production of zeolites, and 3) application of zeolites. No personalities are mentioned. References follow individual articles.

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Neymark, I. Ye., A. I. Rastrenenko, V. P. Fedorovskaya, and A. S. Plachinda. Variation of Adsorption Properties of Zeolites as a Function of the Degree of Sodium-Ion Sub- stitution by Other Cations	46
Neymark, I. Ye., M. A. Piontkovskaya, A. Ye. Lukash, and R. S. Tyutynnik. Variation of the Selective Capacity of Synthetic Zeolites	49
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RASTRENNENKO, A.I.

15(2)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/1940

Ovcharenko, Fedor Danilovich, Nikolay Grigor'yevich Kirichenko,
Danill Naumovich Kovalenko, and Alekssey Ignat'yevich Rastrenenko

Ukrainskiye bentonity; geologiya, mineralogiya, fiziko-khimiya i
primeneniye v narodnom khozyaystve (Ukrainian Bentonites; Geology,
Mineralogy, Physical Chemistry, and Industrial Applications)
Kiev, Izd-vo AN Ukrainskoy SSR, 1958. 98 p. 3,000 copies printed.
Errata slip inserted.

Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk Ukrainskoy SSR, Kiev. Soviet po
izucheniyu i roizvoditel'nykh sil USSR.

Resp. Ed.: F.D. Ovcharenko, Corresponding Member, Ukrainian SSR
Academy of Sciences; Ed. of Publishing House: Z.S. Pokrovskaya;
Tech. Ed.: V.I. Yurchishin

PURPOSE: The book is intended for engineers and technicians employed
in industries using catalysts, adsorbents, fillers, and plasticizers

Card 1/5

Ukrainian Bentonites; Geology, Mineralogy (Cont.)

SOV/1940

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• Ukrainian Bentonites; Geology, Mineralogy (Cont.) SOV/1940

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AVAILABLE: Library of Congress (TN 948 .B409)

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6-29-59

RASTRENNENKO, A.I.; ANTONOVSKAYA, S.N.; NEYMARK, I.Ye.

Hydrophilic properties of ion-exchange derivatives of A-type
zeolites. Koll. zhur. 27 no.2:269-273 Mr-Ap '65.
(MIRA 18:6)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR, Kiyev.

OVCHARENKO, Fedor Danilovich; KIRICHENKO, Nikolay Grigor'yevich;
KOVALENKO, Denil Naumovich; RASTRELENKO, Aleksey Ignat'yevich;
POKROVSKAYA, Z.S., red.izd-va; YURCHISHIN, V.I., tekhn.red.

[Ukrainian bentonites; geology, mineralogy, physical chemistry,
and industrial applications] Ukrainskie bentonity; geologiya,
mineralogiya, fiziko-khimika i primenenie v narodnom khozisistve.
Kiev, Izd-vo Akad. nauk USSR, 1958. 98 p. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AM USSR (for Ovcharenko).
(Ukraine--Bentonite)

RASTRENNENKO, A.I.

USSR/Physical Chemistry - Surface Phenomena, Adsorption, Chromatography, Ion Interchange.

B-13

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimya, No 2, 1958, 4016.

Author : I.Ye. Neymark, A.I. Rastrenenko, M.A. Piontkovskaya.

Inst : Inst. of Physical Chemistry, Academy of Sciences of the USSR.

Title : Preparation of Titanium Silica Gels and Their Porous Structure.

Orig Pub: Kolloidn. zh., 1957, 19, No 3, 324-332.

Abstract: Methods of preparation of titanium silica gels (TSG) and titanium gels (TG) of various texture (total porosity from 0.3 to 2.2 cub.cm per g) and with TiO_2 content up to 22% were developed. The texture of TSG was studied by measuring the apparent and true density and by taking down the isotherms of methanol vapor sorption at 20°, which were used for the computation of the specific surface and the distribution of pores according to their radii. It is shown that the conditions of TSG and TG preparation influence the final texture.

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U.R/Physical Chemistry - Surface Phenomena, Adsorption, Chromatography, Ion Interchange.

B-13

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No 2, 1958, 4016.

of dry gels in the same way as in the case of silica gels (SG), in consequence of which a conclusion about the analogy of the mechanisms of TG, TSG and SG texture formation was arrived at.

Card 1 2/2

-22-

USSR/Thermodynamics - Thermochemistry. Equilibria.
Physical-Chemical Analysis. Phase Transitions.

B-8

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 18523

Author : P.K. Migal¹, N.G. Glebko, A.I. Rastrenenko.

Inst : Chernovtsy University.

Title : Study of Aniline - n-Butyl Alcohol System by Cryoscopic
Method.

Orig Pub : Nauch. zap. Chernivets'k. un-tu, 1955, 11, No 2, 3-12

Abstract : Cryoscopic measurements of solutions of aniline (I) and
n-butyl alcohol (II) in benzene with the content of I
increasing by 10 mol % from 0 to 100 mol % were carried
out. The deviations of the experimental temperature de-
pression of freezing from the computed in accordance with
the solution composition as a sum of depressions by I and
II were determined for total molalities of 0.6, 0.8, 1.0
and 1.2. It was shown that the maximum of deviations was
near the composition 50% of I and 50% of II. It was sur-
mised that there existed a compound of I and II of the
above composition.

Card 1/1

- 202 -

USSR/Kinetics - Combustion. Explosions. Topochemistry. Catalysis. 3-9

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 18626

Author : I.Ye. Neymark, L.Kh. Freydlikh, A.I. Rastrenenko, N.V.
Borunova.

Inst : Academy of Sciences of USSR.

Title : Change in Macrostructure and Catalytic Activity of
Aluminum Oxide under Influence of Treatment with Steam
and at Compression.

Orig Pub : Izv. AN SSSR, Otd. khim. n., 1956, No 7, 784-789.

Abstract : The following three samples of Al_2O_3 -catalysts were studied: fresh Al_2O_3 (I), I treated 5 hours with steam at 350° and 100 atm. (II), II compressed with 20,000 atm. (III). As compared with I, a decrease of the specific surface S from 355 to 125 sq.m/g, an increase of the prevailing pore radius r from 30 to 90 Å, and a decrease of the catalytic activity in dehydration reactions of formic acid and $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ was detected in the sample II. The

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- 260 -

USSR/Kinetics - Combustion. Explosions. Topochemistry. Catalysis. B-9

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 18626

The dissociation depth of C_2H_5OH at 310° was 93.3% in case of I, while in case of II this reaction did not take place even at 400 to 425° . In case of III, $S = 280$ sq.m/g, r was about 10 Å; the apparent density was about 2.5 times greater than that of II; the volume of transition pores was about 5 times less. The specific catalytic activities of I and III in the dehydration reaction of $HCOOH$ at low temperatures differ insignificantly; at high temperatures, the catalytic activity of III drops considerably, which, in the authors' opinion, is explained by the diffusion slowing down in consequence of insufficient transition pores. The authors assume that treatment with steam can serve as a method of controlling the porosity character of oxide catalysts.

Card 2/2

- 261 -

RASTRENE NENKO, I.Y.
USSR/Physical Chemistry - Kinetics, Combustion, Explosions, Topochemistry, Catalysis. B-9

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No 3, 1958, 7244.

Author : A.I. Rastrenenko, I.Ye. Neymark.

Inst :

Title : Porous Structure of Titanosilica and Alumosilica Gels and Their Catalytic Activity.

Orig Pub: Zh. fiz. khimii, 1957, 31, No 4, 874-881.

Abstract: The following was studied; the porous structure of various titanosilica gels (I) containing 13 and 22% of TiO_2 and alumosilica gels (II) containing 6% of Al_2O_3 , as well as their catalytic activity at the dehydrating decomposition of $HCOOH$ in a circulating system at 200 to 400 . Specimens of I and II of the same composition by of various porosity were studied. The porosity was computed from the isotherms of methyl alcohol adsorption and desorption; the prevailing pore radius r varies from 60 to < 10 \AA ,

Card : 1/3

-25-

USSR/Physical Chemistry - Kinetics, Combustion, Explosions, Topo-
chemistry, Catalysis.

B-9

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No 3, 1958, 7244.

the kinetic reaction regime. Calcination results in the dis-
appearance of fine pores, in consequence of which the remaining
surface becomes more accessible.

Card : 3/3

-27-

RASTRENNENKO, A. I.

Variations of macrostructure and catalytic activity of aluminum oxide under pressure and steam treatment. I. E. Neiman, L. Kh. Freudin, A. I. Rastrenenko and N. V. Borunova (Izv. Akad. Nauk SSSR, Otd. Mat. Nauk, 1950, 784-789). Specimens of aluminum oxide were submitted to steam treatment at 350° (II) and pressure of 20,000 atm. (III). Dehydration tests were made. Afterwards with I by use of formic acid, ethyl alcohol and isopropyl alcohol I caused a profound porosity alteration (almost complete disappearance of macropores and a decrease from 355 to 125 m./g. in the sp. surface area). In earlier experiments this condition was achieved only by use of untreated Al_2O_3 at 1000°. II also caused a lowering of activity through variation of macrostructure. Steam treatment of Al_2O_3 could effect porosity control. A. I. R.

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Rostrenenko A. T.

Preparation of mesosilica gels and their porous structure. I. B. Neimark, A. I. Rastrenko, and M. A. Plotkovskaya (Inst. Phys. Chem., Acad. Sci. Ukr. SSR, Kiev). Zhur. Znat. 19, 324-337 (1977).

Dry gels contg. 6 to 22% TiO₂ and 78 to 88% SiO₂ were prep'd by adding a Na₂SiO₃ soln to a suspension of TiO₂ in H₂O (d, 1.18) or by adding an aq. suspension of TiO₂ to a sol made from Na₂SiO₃ and H₂SiO₃, or by mixing a SiO₂ sol with a Ti(OH)₄ suspension. The porosity of the gels, detd from d. and from adsorption of MeOH, was independent of the mixing procedure and of the TiO₂ content but greatly depended on the details of washing and drying of the freshly ptd. gel. Thus d., specific surface S_t and the most frequent pore radius R were, resp., 1.22, 690 m²/m³ and <10 Å, for a gel washed with distilled H₂O at pH 6, and 0.42, 3680 m²/m³, and 17 Å, for a gel washed with tap H₂O at pH 7-6. When the aq. phase was displaced by iso-BuOH before drying, the S_t and R were 0.80, 400, and 65 Å, resp. When H₂O was evapd. at room temp., they were 1.39, 645, and <10 Å, compared with 1.24, 690, and 15 Å, when the evapn. was at 200°. Thus, coarse pores were obtained when the liquid filling the gel had a small surface tension and when the gel skeleton was stiff. Also the porosity of TiO₂ gels was greater when H₂O was displaced by BuOH before drying and when H₂O was evapd. at a higher temp. (120° instead of 20°). J. J. Hillman

BASIRENENKO, A. I.

5

The change in the macrostructure and in the catalytic activity of aluminum oxide on treatment with water vapor and on being compressed. L. B. Nelmark, I. Kh. Freidlin, A. I. Basirenenko, and N. V. Borunova. *Bull. Acad. Sci. U.S.S.R., Div. Chem. Sci.* 1956, 803-7 (English translation).—See C.A. 51, 4110f.

B.M.R.

for
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RASHENYKO, A.I.; NYMYARK, I.Ye.

The porous structure of titanium silica gels and aluminum silica
gels and their catalytic activity. Zhur.fiz.khim. 31 no.4:874-881
An '57. (MIRA 10:?)

1. Akademiya nauk USSR, Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L.V.Pisarshovskogo.
(Aluminum silicates) (Titanium silicates) (Silica gel)
(Catalysts)

RASTREPIN, A.B.; ZOLOTOTRUBOV, I.M.; BUGAY, Yu.P.

Mass-spectrometric study of the energy distribution of ions in
a plasma. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. fiz. 27 no.8:1113-1117 Ag '63.
(MIRA 16;10)

1. Fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut AN UkrSSR.

L 21703-66 EWT(1)/ETC(f)/EPF(n)-2/EWG(m) IJP(c) AT
ACC NR: AP6004885 SOURCE CODE: UR/0057/66/036/001/0111/0116

AUTHOR: Zolototrubov, I.M.; Rastrepin, A.B.; Skoblik, I.P.

ORG: none

TITLE: Investigation of the energy distribution in the hydrogen plasma from a coaxial plasma gun

SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v. 36, no. 1, 1966, 111-116

TOPIC TAGS: hydrogen plasma, plasma gun, mass spectrometry, ion energy, hydrogen ion

21, 44, 55

21, 44, 55

ABSTRACT: The energy distribution of hydrogen ions in hydrogen plasmas emitted by a coaxial plasma gun was investigated as a function of the polarity of the potential applied to the gun electrodes and the delay time between admitting the gas and firing the gun in an effort to elucidate the operating mechanism of the plasma gun. The plasma gun has been described elsewhere by I.M.Zolotrubov, V.A.Kiselev, and Yu.M.Novikov (ZhTF, 34, 998, 1964). Approximately 0.8 cm³ of hydrogen was admitted through an opening in the outer electrode of the gun by an electrodynamic valve that remained open for 80 μ sec. The gun was powered by a 20 KV 12 μ F capacitor, the resonant period of the circuit being 13 μ sec. On the axis of the gun and 1 m from it was the entrance aperture of a mass spectrometer. Plasma ions entering the spectrometer were accelerated by a 15 KV electric field, deflected by a magnetic field, and detected by a scintillation counter. The flight time of each ion from the mouth of the gun to the de-

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URC: 599.9

L 21708-66

ACC NR: AP6004885

tector was subtracted from the time at which it was recorded, thus determining the instant of origin. The current through the plasma gun and the potential at each end of it were recorded with an oscillograph. When the delay between opening the valve and firing the gun was short (85 μ sec) the energy distribution of the plasma ions was approximately the same, regardless of the polarity of the potential applied to the gun: the energy distribution was bimodal with peaks at 1-2 and 8 keV, ions with energies as high as 20 keV were recorded, and substantially all the ions originated near the instant of maximum current through the plasma gun. When the delay time was increased the high energy peak disappeared, the low energy peak shifted toward lower energies, and the ions originated at later times in the discharge cycle. These shifts were much more pronounced when the inner electrode of the plasma gun was negative than when it was positive. When the delay was 285 μ sec and the inner electrode was positive the peak of the energy distribution was at 0.8 keV and the ions originated at the instant the current through the gun first fell to zero (some 6 μ sec after application of the potential); with the same delay time and the inner electrode negative, the peak of the energy distribution was at 0.3 keV and the ions originated some 20-22 μ sec after potential was applied to the gun. The observed phenomena are discussed at some length, and it is concluded that the difference between the energy spectra of the ions observed with positive and negative potentials applied to the inner electrode of the gun apparently reflects differences between the physical processes taking place in the two cases. Orig. art. has: 6 figures.

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SUBM DATE: 09Jan65/

ORIG REF: 008/

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Card 2/2 ULR

FOGEL', Ya.M.; SLABOSPITSKIY, R.P.; RASTREPIN, A.B.

Emission of charged particles from the surface of a metal during
bombardment with positive ions. Zhur.tekh.fiz. 33 no.1:63-73
(MIRA 13:8)
Ja '60.

1. Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A.M. Gor'kogo.
(Ions) (Secondary electron emission)

L 8226-66	EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EPG(m)/EWP(+)/EWP(b)	IJP(c)	JD/AT
ACC NR:	AT5024119	SOURCE CODE:	UR/3137/64/000/081/0001/0010
AUTHOR:	Zolototrubov, I. M.; Rastrepin, A. B.; Skoblik, I. P.		66 B71
ORG:	Academy of Sciences UkrSSR, Physicotechnical Institute (Akademiya Nauk UkrSSR, Fiziko-tehnicheskij institut)		
TITLE:	Investigation of energy partition in hydrogen plasma from a coaxial source		
SOURCE:	AN UkrSSR. Fiziko-tehnicheskij institut. Doklady, no. 081/P-033, 1964. Issledovaniye energeticheskogo raspredeleniya vodorodnoy plazmy koaksial'nogo istochnika, 1-10		
TOPIC TAGS:	plasma gun, hydrogen plasma, gas discharge spectroscopy		
<p>ABSTRACT: Energy partition in the hydrogen plasma produced in a coaxial gun is investigated in an apparatus that includes an ion energy spectrum analyzer. The plasma gun operates at 80 ka and the current period is $1.3 \cdot 10^{-5}$ sec. An active impedance reduces the third half-period to 10% of the initial amplitude. 0.8 cm³ of hydrogen gas is injected into the highly evacuated chamber at various intervals before the application of the voltage pulse to the gun electrodes. The ions generated in the discharge are analyzed in the ion energy detector using the magnetic field to produce selective deflection of the ions and the ion current is detected by CsI(Tl) crystal optically coupled to a photomultiplier. This detector was also used to determine the</p>			

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L 8226-66

ACC NR: AT5024119

time of formation of the ions in the gun by determining the time between the start of the discharge and the peak of the ion current. The energy spectrum for H₁ ions for delay times of 85×10^{-6} to 285×10^{-6} sec is given. Additionally, it is shown that for short delays (85 per sec) the dominating spectrum occurs during the current maximum. For longer delays, the emergence of spectrum is delayed also. The observations are carried out for both polarities of the axial electrodes. Some difference in the spectrum is observed. Both polarities give a two-peak distribution for the shortest delay times. The major peaks occur at 10 kev. Some remarks on the accelerating mechanism are given but the data does not permit full classification of this process. Orig. art. has: 6 figures.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REF: 009/ OTH REF: 006

QC
Card 2/2

ILESHIN, Boris Ivanovich; RASTREPIN, Nikolay Maksimovich; CHERNYAK,
R.I., red.; RACHENOV, P.A., tekhn. red.

[Source of mighty torrent; an account of the people and work
of the Komintern Collective Farm] Istoki moguchego razviva; ras-
skaz o liudiakh i dolakh ordena Lenina kolkhoza imeni Kominterma.
Tambov, Tambovskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 111 p. (MIRA 16:2)
(Michurinsk District--Collective farms)

RASTREPIN, V.N.; KLINOV, I.Ya.

Studying the electrochemical corrosion of structural carbon
steel in the production of activated carbon black. Trudy
(MIFPA 1961)
MIKHM 28:38-54 '64.

RASTREPIN, V.N.; KLINOV, I.Ya.

Corrosion of structural carbon steel in the production of active
carbon black. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.;khim.i khim.tekh. 5 no.3:509-513
'62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Moskovskiy institut khimicheskogo mashinostroyeniya, kafedra
korrozii. (Steel, Structural—Corrosion)
(Carbon black)